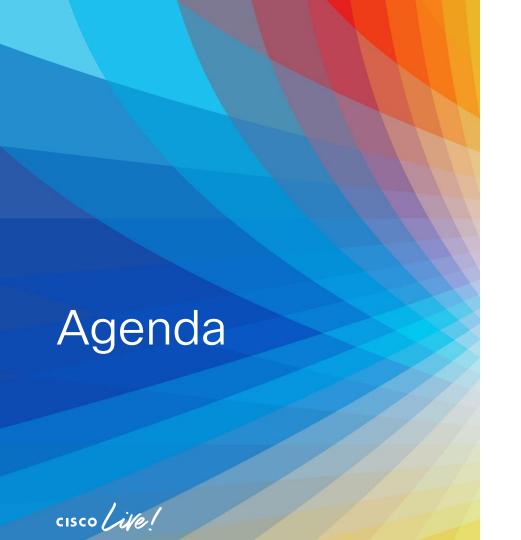
# Let's go cisco live!

# Planning and Designing Successful Cloud Calling Deployments with Webex Calling

Johannes Krohn, Principal Technical Marketing Engineer





- Introduction
- Solution Overview
- PSTN Options
- Regions
- Location Considerations
- Dialing / Call Routing
- Call Control Integration / Coexistence
- Webex Calling Provisioning APIs
- Closing

## Solution Overview





#### Webex Calling





Enterprise-grade calling features



Easy-to-use and secure



Centralized management and administration



Hybrid deployment & Flexible migration



Mobile First & Al led innovation



#### Webex Calling - Architecture



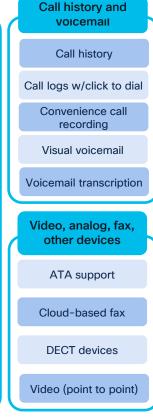
- Global cloud calling platform
- Centralized administrative experience from the cloud
- Public Cloud Multi-tenant platforms
- Flexibility to provision users to best address cloud calling business needs
- Flexible PSTN options
- OTT and Private network connectivity options to fit enterprise of various sizes
- Webex App for a unified enduser experience

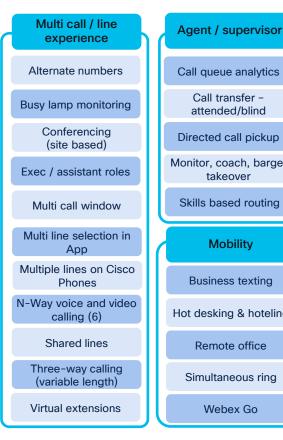


# A complete enterprise feature set Highlights of supported calling features

Inbound call management Auto attendant Call queue analytics Call routing and aueuina Call waiting -Up to 4 calls Hunt group Inbound caller ID Music on hold Receptionist client Request call back Skills based routing Sequential ring









# PSTN Options





#### **PSTN** Options for Webex Calling

#### **Premises PSTN**

Available in 110+ countries

Continue using your existing provider

Support remote branch offices

Manage phone numbers Control Hub

#### Cisco Calling Plans Cloud Connect for (Cisco PSTN)

Available in the U.S., Canada, Europe, Australia\* and New Zealand\*

Single offer through Cisco and our partners

Fully integrated and managed from Control Hub

# Webex Calling

Available in over 65 countries

Select from multiple world-class Cisco-certified providers

Choose providers on a site-by-site basis

Manage numbers in Control Hub



#### Premises PSTN and PBX interconnect

#### Trunks

Represents a single SIP trunk to an on-premises device. Device can be registering (CUBE) or certificate based (CUBE + 3<sup>rd</sup> party) trunk

Must be assigned to a location. If used for PSTN the country dial plan is based on location address.

Can be included in one or more route groups or can be directly associated to a dial plan.

#### Route groups

Logical grouping of trunks (max. 10) for scale and redundancy of connections to the premises

Does not "live" in a location

#### Dial Plans

Dial plans allow you to route calls to on-premises destinations by use of trunks or route groups.

Specifies the routing choice (trunk or route group) for calls that match any of its dial patterns.

Dial pattern represents <u>on-premises</u> <u>extensions</u>; ESN/on-net numbers, +E.164 patterns, SIP URI domains.

PSTN (SIP, ISDN, ...) decoupled

US East
(Route Group)

https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/n0xb944

CA PBX Dial Plan
+1408525XXXX

8408XXXX
+1310444XXXX
8310XXXX
us.foo.com

#### Registering vs. Cert Based Trunk

Concurrent Calls	# of users serviced	Preferred Trunk Type	Connectivity
~2000 - 6500	65000	Certificate based	Interconnect
250 - 2000	20000	Certificate based	OTT
<= 250	2500	Registering trunk	OTT

#### Connectivity specs

- OTT: max latency 100 ms, max jitter 10 ms, max packet loss 0.2 %
- Interconnect: max latency 30 ms, max jitter 5 ms, 0 packet loss

#### Certificate based trunk requirements

- Public IPv4, domain, SRV
- Trusted certificate
- Inbound connections through firewall

https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/n0xb944

# Webex Calling PSTN: Cloud Connect for Webex Calling



- PSTN access through peering with a selection of Cloud Connected partners integrated into the Webex® Calling cloud
- Partner helps enterprise procure and provision PSTN
- Fully integrated option (number ordering from within Control Hub) available in the US
- Available to service providers who serve customers with locations outside of their PSTN footprint

https://community.cisco.com/t5/collaboration-knowledge-base/cloud-connect-for-webex-calling-global-availability/ta-p/3916211

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#### PSTN Options - Comparison

Cloud PSTN (Cisco PSTN / Cloud Connect for Webex Calling)	Premises PSTN (Trunk, Local Gateway)	
No invest in on-premises GW	re-use of existing PSTN	
no maintenance for on-premises GW	interconnect with PBX	
No PSTN media hair-pinning*	PSTN interconnect in markets not supported by Cloud PSTN options	
Number orders potentially in-band (Cisco PSTN, fully integrated CCPP)	Number orders out of band	



<sup>\*</sup>calls from Webex Calling endpoint to PSTN via Local Gateway anchored on Webex Calling access; ICE media path optimization possible if ICE negotiation w/ Local Gateway host candidate succeeds

# Regions





#### Production Org & Data Residency

Use Production Org for any migration

Get Started with Cisco Webex Control Hub

- Select the "best" Webex GEO for Data Residency during provisioning
  - Org data, user identities, encryption keys, and user-generated content is stored in the Webex "geo-based" data centers

Data residency in Webex App

- Geos: North America/"Rest of World" or Europe
  - EU datacenters (Frankfort/Amsterdam) EU customers
  - UK datacenters (London/Amsterdam) still available

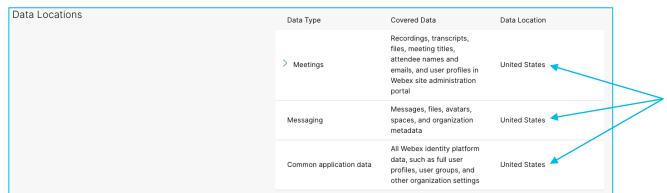
Find the Data Residency Region That Maps to a Country



#### Content Storage & Data Location

Verify Webex Org's Data Locations (on Account page Info tab)

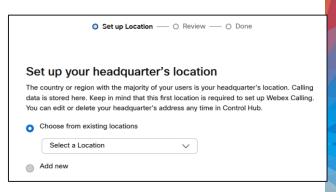






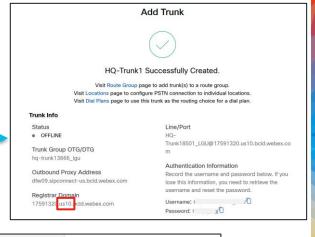
#### Webex Calling Region Selection

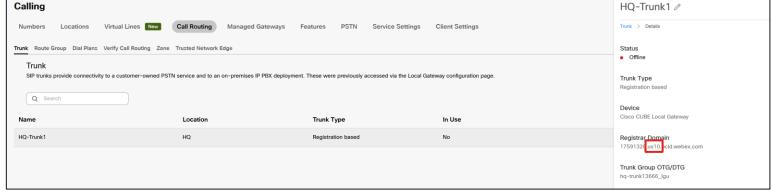
- Country of first calling location (HQ) defines the regional platform of the "Home" calling region
  - All signaling traffic is routed to the "Home" region
  - All calling data is stored in the "Home" region
  - Selected during Partner provisioning of a new org or when adding the first calling location to an existing org
- Country/Region selection criteria:
  - Where majority of the users reside (lowest delay in signaling traffic)
  - To comply with any data residency requirements
- Regional platform cannot be changed the after initial creation



#### Webex Calling Region Selection

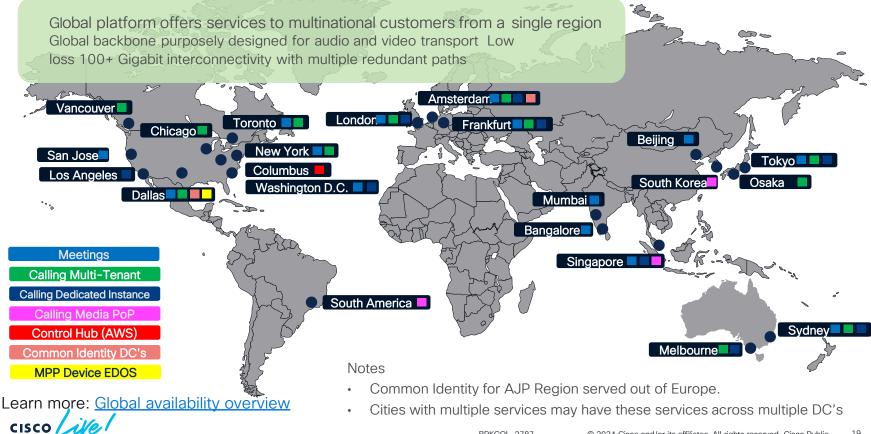
- Verifying "Home" Region
- Check Registrar domain of:
  - Dummy trunk
  - Existing trunk



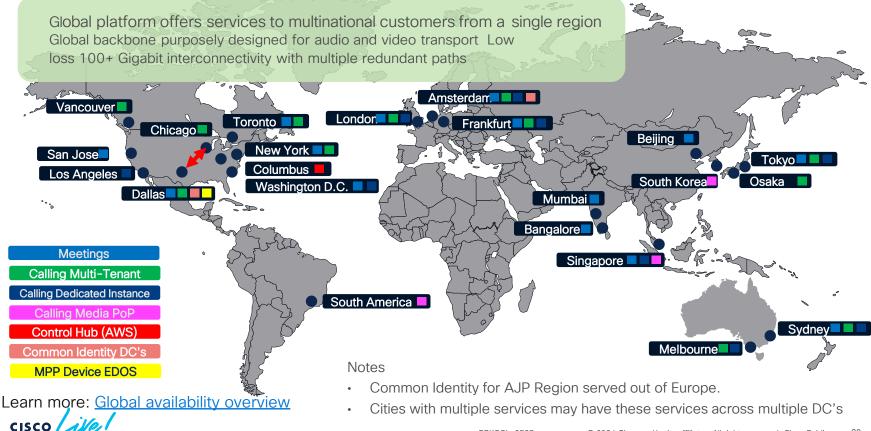




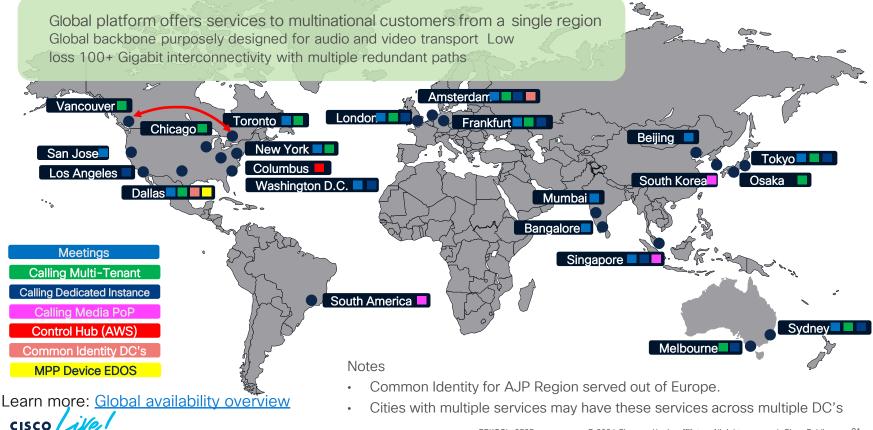
#### Webex Global Data Center Footprint



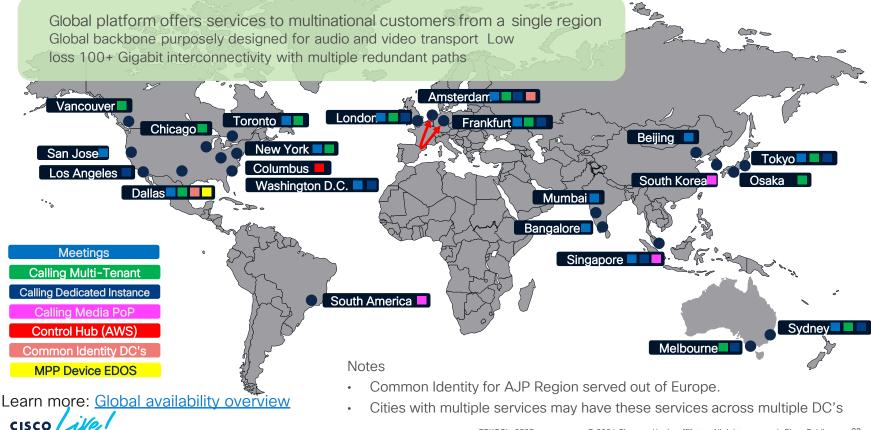
#### Webex Global Data Center Footprint (US)



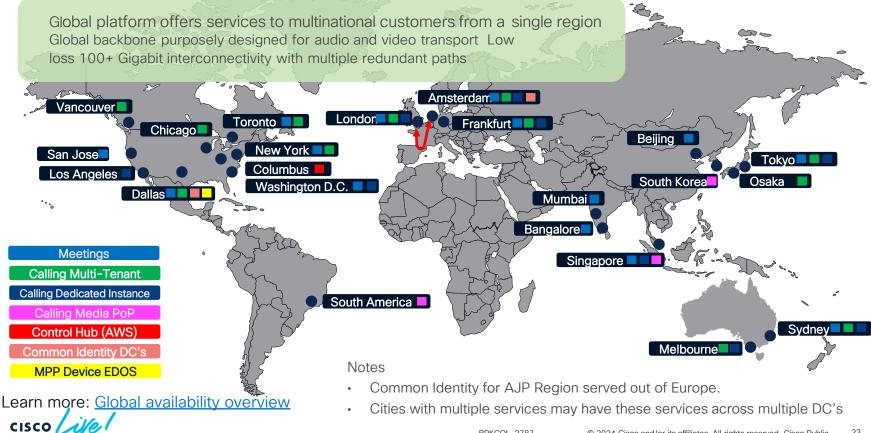
#### Webex Global Data Center Footprint (CA)



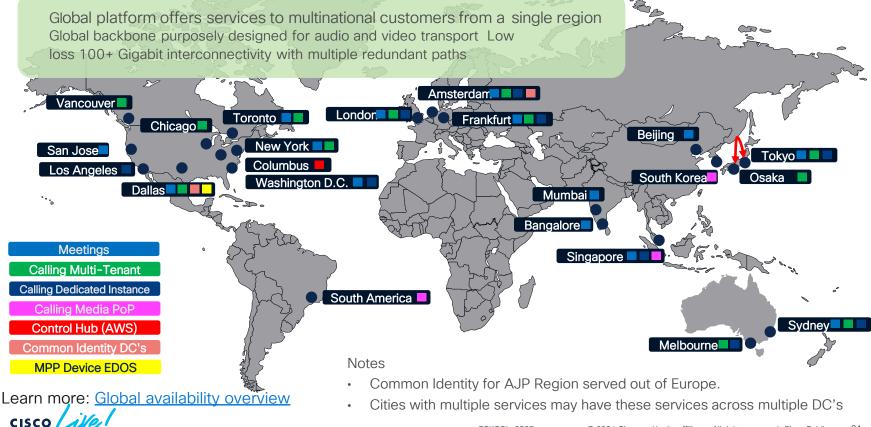
#### Webex Global Data Center Footprint (EUN)



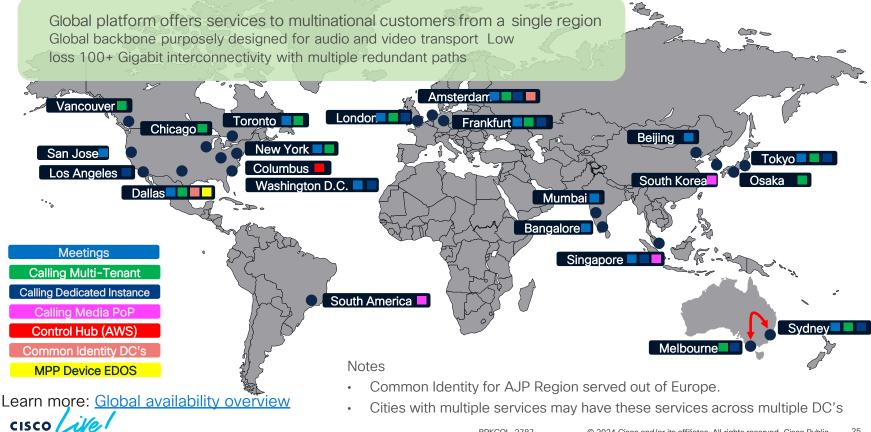
#### Webex Global Data Center Footprint (EU)



#### Webex Global Data Center Footprint (APAC)



#### Webex Global Data Center Footprint (AU)



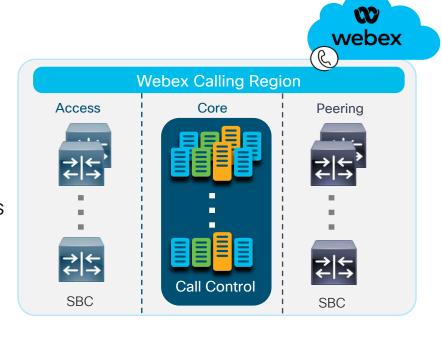
#### Webex Calling regional scaling

Core call control scales horizontally

 Leveraging micro services to quickly deploy/expand

SBC Resources are separated from Access and Peering

- Access for Endpoints and Local Gateways
- Peering for CCPP integration to PSTN
- Access and Peer SBCs scale horizontally





#### Multi-region customer: Regional media

Access SBCs in other regions can be used

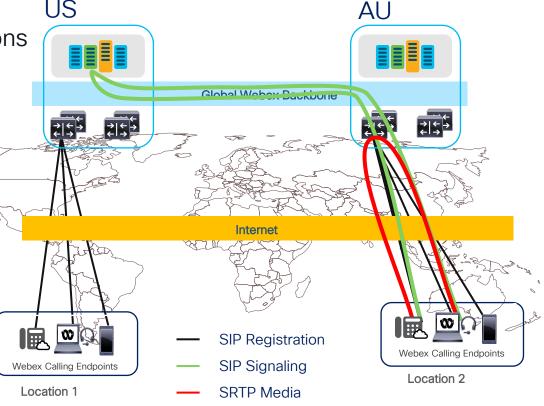
In-region registration

In-region media

Signaling still inter-region

 Cut-through delay might still occur

Media RTT not a factor



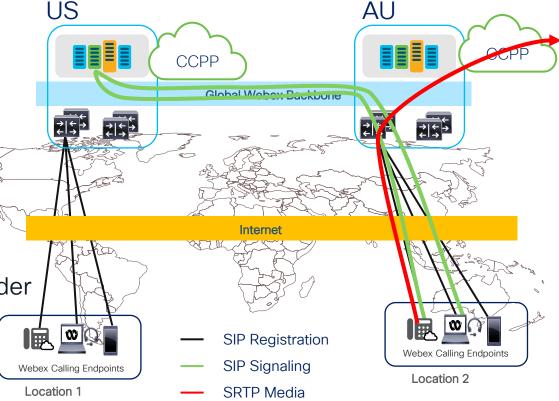


#### Multi-region customer: Regional media for Cloud Connected PSTN

 Locations in home region can use all PSTN providers available in home region

 New: locations in remote region can use PSTN providers available in remote region

 PSTN media traffic stays within region if PSTN provider in remote region is used





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#### Example Media POP: Singapore

- Two full Webex Calling deployments in APJC
  - JP: Osaka, Tokyo
  - AU: Sydney Melbourne
- Challenge: APAC region too large to keep RTT within acceptable bounds
- Media POP in Singapore
  - Access: endpoint and Local Gateway registration, failover to JP (Osaka, Tokyo)
  - Peering: trunks to Cloud Connected PSTN providers
  - Media services (VM, conferencing)
  - Call Recording: local media server, call recording leg to JP (Osaka, Tokyo)



#### Service restrictions in India

#### The Webex Calling partner is responsible for the regulatory compliance of its customers

Cisco would not require a license from India regulators to provide service from Webex Calling APJC data centers.

- 1. Logical partitions enabled for on-net calling (to adhere to India toll-bypass regulations)
- 2. For International OSP's, a copy of CDRs and system logs must be available at the International OSP premise based in India. Additional DoT guidelines for OSPs: LINK

All logical partitioning letters can be requested via these URLs:

Non-Service Provider: <u>LINK</u>

Service Provider: LINK



#### Service restrictions in China

#### The Webex Calling partner is responsible for the regulatory compliance of its customers

The following analysis applies if Cisco® sold direct to a customer. The same analysis could be applied by partners.

Cisco would not require a license from Chinese regulators provided that:

- 1. Sale is to multinational customers headquartered outside of China for use in branch offices in China.
- 2. Sales or marketing is not targeted at customers based in China, rather, we sell and market to multinationals who use the service globally.
- 3. Data transmission capacity is not provided (PSTN, leased circuits, etc.) in connection with the offer
- 4. Does not operate from a data center or other infrastructure located in China.

Our Chinese counsel confirms that the regulator would conclude this does NOT constitute providing a Telecom Service if the criteria listed above is met.





### Location Considerations



#### **PSTN** Integration



- PSTN defined at the location level
- One PSTN choice per location (Cisco PSTN, CCPP, Premises PSTN)
- All PSTN calls originating from location use same PSTN
- Location main number is required for any calls to/from location.



#### **Emergency Calling**

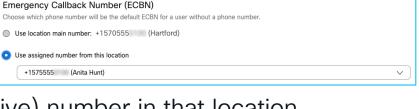
Two options to handle emergency calls:

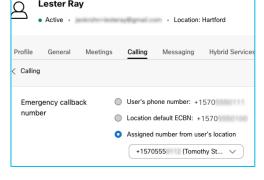
- Enhanced emergency (E911) service
  - Dynamic; support roaming device → Nomadic E911 service
  - Only available in US/CAN
  - Uses RedSky: <a href="https://www.redskye911.com/e911-for-cisco-webex">https://www.redskye911.com/e911-for-cisco-webex</a>
  - https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/av6oo3/Enhanced-Emergency-Calling-for-Webex-Calling
- Emergency Callback Number (ECBN) based
  - Static configuration of ECBN per location (per user override)
  - https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/nzqvtyq/Emergency-Callback-Number-in-Control-Hub



#### **Emergency Callback Number**

- Set at location level
  - Can be main number
  - ... or any other assigned (and active) number in that location
- User level override
- Recommendations:
  - for users with phone number use that as ECBN
  - For users w/o phone numbers multiple ECBNs can exist within (large) locations
  - ECBNs must be live answering points (be careful with IVRs, queues, AAs, ...)





#### Feature / Location Dependencies

Calling features are configured at the location level ... and many features still work across locations

- Numbers/extensions All numbers are accessible between locations. If an extension overlap exists, site codes can be used to allow extension dialing between locations.
- Auto Attendants Assigned to a location, search scopes can be defined per Location or globally
- Hunt Groups / Call Queues Assigned to a location, agents can be assigned from any location
- Single Number Reach Assigned to a location, user access can be defined per Location or globally.

- Paging Group Assigned to a location, paging targets and originators can be assigned from any location.
- Receptionist Client Assign via user, searched filter available based on location.
- Virtual Extension Can be defined per Location or globally.
- Voicemail Group Assigned to a location and uses location voicemail settings. Any number within the customer can forward to the voicemail if required.

### Features with Cross Location Limitations Call Park

- Call Park Extensions Call Park is used for a network hold and allows a user to park a call against an available user's extension or to a Call Park Extension
  - Call Park Extensions are configured within a specific location
  - Any user from any location can unpark the parked call (provided the extension is accessible)
  - Location level parameters for recall (parking user, hunt group, user/hunt), timers and ring pattern
- Call Park Group The Call Park Group service allows a defined group of users to automatically park calls against other available members of a call park group
  - The members of this group can only be from the same Location and can be in a single group
  - Any user within the ORG can answer the parked call
  - Location level parameters for timers and ring pattern for parked calls
  - Call Park Group defines the recall options (parking user, hunt group, user/hunt)



# Features with Cross Location Limitations Call Pickup

- Call Pickup Users that are added to a call pickup can answer calls when another member of the call pickup is busy.
  - A user can only be assigned to one call pickup. A location may have multiple call pickups
  - A call pickup can only have users from the same location
  - Call Pickup requires FAC for use in Webex Calling; default Pickup softkey uses Directed Call Pickup
  - Directed call Pickup works across all locations





### Per Location Scale

- Users & workspaces 30k combined
- Numbers No hard limits,
   recommended: less or equal 3
   times the number of users
- Trunks 100
- Auto Attendants 1000
- Virtual Extension 1000

- · Hunt Group 1000
- · Call Queue 1000
- Authorization Codes 1000
- · Call Park Extensions 100
- · Call Pickup Groups 1000

# Dialing / Call Routing



### Webex Calling Dialing Habits

- Extension dialing: 2-6 digits (default 4)
  - Inter- and intra-site; inter-site requires unique extensions
- ESN (Location routing prefix + user extension) using an optional location code: up to 7 digits
- +E.164
  - Telephone numbers defined in the Webex Calling system. Always resolvable by +E164 dialing
- PSTN
  - PSTN destinations defined by pre-loaded Country Dial Plans
  - Optional outside steering digit (outside access code, OAC) to avoid overlaps between PSTN and enterprise dialing habits



https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/757iyo/Dial-plans-by-country



### Understanding location codes

- What if extension ranges of sites overlap?
  - No extension dialing between sites
  - Alice can call Bob and Charlie using extension dialing
  - Alice cannot call Dave using extension dialing
  - What if Charlie dials 4002?

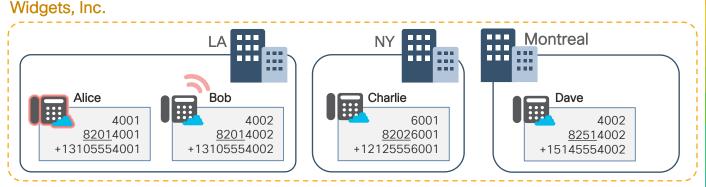
#### Widgets, Inc.



### Understanding location codes

- Solution: add location codes
  - Need to be unique!
  - Inter-site dialing using location code + extension
  - Location code + extension is unique
- Alice can call Dave (and the other users) using inter-site dialing

Location	Location Code		
LA	8201		
NY	8202		
Montreal	8251		



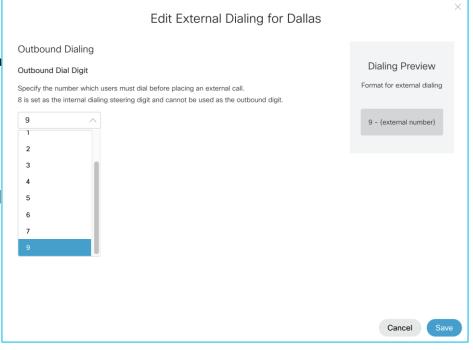
### **Enterprise Best Practices**

- Goal: optimize dial plan handling in phones to minimize timeouts
  - 1. Outbound dialing digit (for example 9)
  - Per location
  - 2. Internal steering digit for inter-site (for example 8)
  - Different from PSTN
  - 3. Uniform location code length (for example 4)
  - Location code includes leading internal steering digit!
  - 4. Uniform extension length (for example 4)
- Uniform inter-site dialing: steering digit location id extension
  - Example: 8-496-9764



### **Enterprise Best Practices**

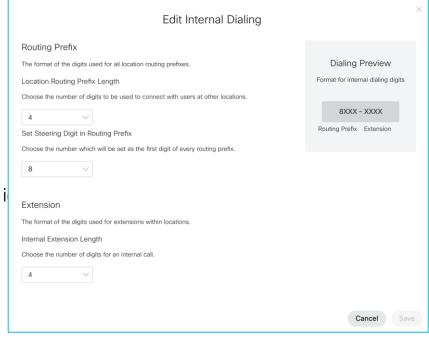
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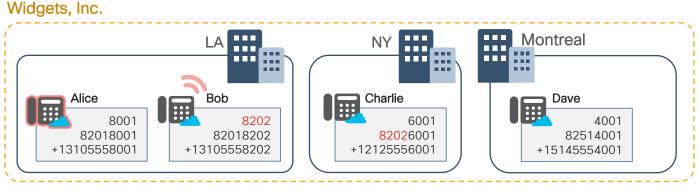


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### Conflicts

- To avoid timeouts conflicts need to be avoided between:
  - First digit of extensions
  - Internal steering digit
  - · Outbound dial digit
- Example: steering digit 8, 4D extensions, 4D location code
- What if Alice lifts the handset and starts to dials 8, 2, 0, 2? Bob, Charlie?

Location	Location Code		
LA	8201		
NY	8202		
Montreal	8251		



# Webex Calling Call Routing

- Three phases
  - Source classification
    - Type of call: user, premises, external
  - Destination selection
    - Where to send the call to: user, premises, PSTN, ...
  - Screening and routing
    - Is this call allowed?



Call from	Classified as
Room devices, MPP, Webex app	User
Cloud PSTN (Cisco Calling Plan or Cloud Connect for Webex Calling)	External (PSTN)
Trunk (Local GW)	Premises or External*
Webex Calling Dedicated instance	User or External*

\*based on calling party number (or diversion header if present) and configuration settings

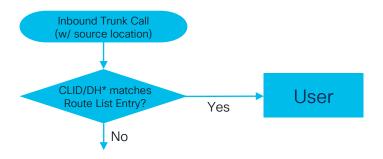


Calls from Local Gateway or Webex Calling DI





Calls from Local Gateway or Webex Calling DI



### Number in Diversion header used if present, if not number in From header is used

INVITE sip:89943702@peering3.us.sipconnect.bcld.webex.com:5062 SIP/2.0

Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 64.102.250.137:5061;branch=z9hG4bK8BF831C1E
From: <sip:+19194766200@64.102.250.137>;tag=FD340CF9-200D
To: <sip:89943702@peering3.us.sipconnect.bcld.webex.com>

Call-ID: 2EB7BD48-EF7111ED-B8429147-F554AD62@64.102.250.137

Supported: timer, resource-priority, replaces

Min-SE: 1800

User-Agent: Cisco-SIPGateway/IOS-17.10.1a

Allow: INVITE, OPTIONS, BYE, CANCEL, ACK, PRACK, UPDATE, REFER, SUBSCRIBE, NOTIFY, INFO, REGISTER

CSeq: 101 INVITE

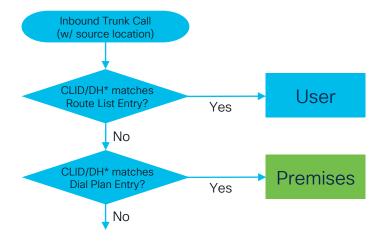
Contact: <sip:+19194766200@svs-rtp-dmz-cube9a.cube.ecatslab.com:5061;transport=tls>

**Diversion:** <sip:89915678@svs-rtp-dmz-cube9a.cube.ecatslab.com>

Expires: 180
Max-Forwards: 68

... snip ...

Calls from Local Gateway or Webex Calling DI





Calls from Local Gateway or Webex Calling DI

#### Org-wide unknown number handling

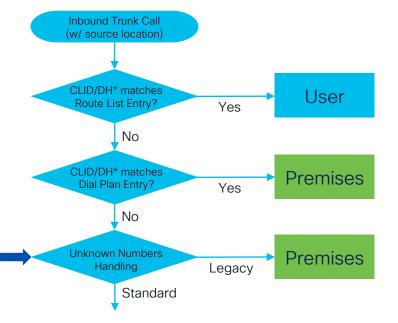
Standard behavior

This is the default and recommended option to achieve the best level of interoperability with an on-premises PBX.

Show Details ✓

Legacy behavior (not recommended)

This option provides backwards compatibility for the legacy Local Gateway behavior and is not recommended when Dial Plans are configured for the organization.



Calls from Local Gateway or Webex Calling DI

#### Org-wide unknown number handling

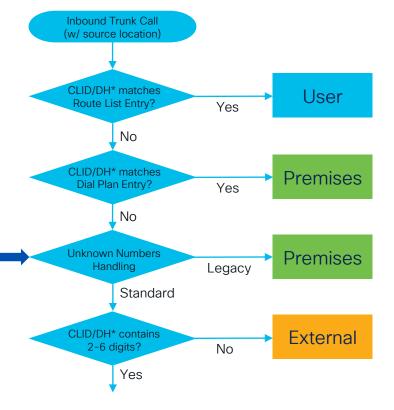
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Calls from Local Gateway or Webex Calling DI

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#### Trunk Location Configuration

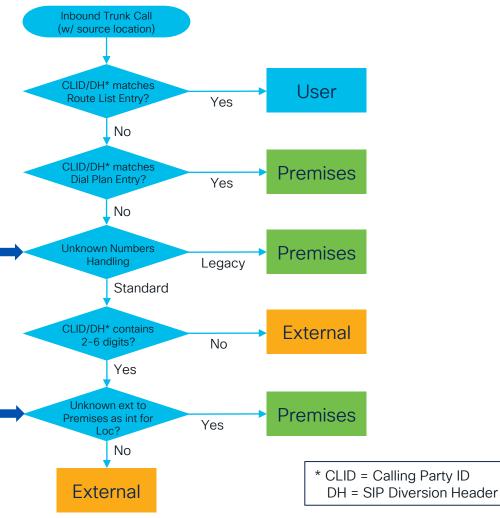
Calls to On-Premises Extensions

If some users in this location are registered to a PBX, enable this setting to route unknown extensions (digits that match with the extension length) to the PBX.

☑ Enable routing unknown extensions to the Premises as internal calls

 $\vee$ 

VNT Alpha RG

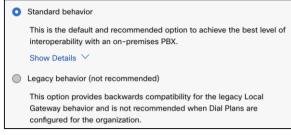




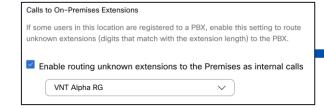
Calls from Local Gateway or Webex Calling DI

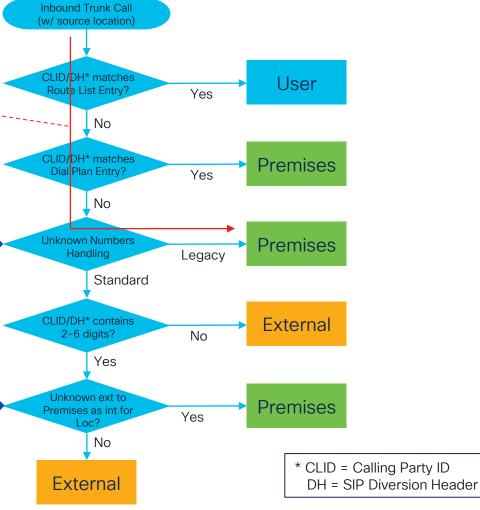
With "legacy behavior" incoming calls will never classified as "External"! Breaks features that rely on call types.

#### Org-wide unknown number handling



#### **Trunk Location Configuration**



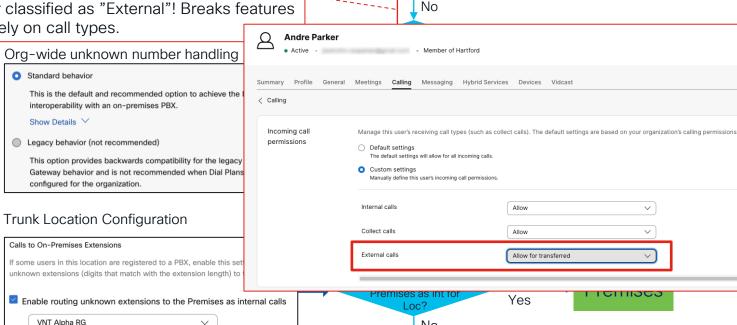




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Calls from Local Gateway or Webex Calling DI

With "legacy behavior" incoming calls will never classified as "External"! Breaks features that rely on call types.





No

External

Inbound Trunk Call (w/ source location)

CLID/DH\* matches

Route List Entry?

User

Yes



2) Destination selection

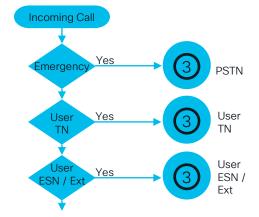


Emergency Yes PSTN

2) Destination selection



2) Destination selection

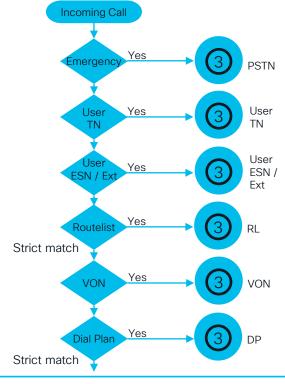


Test dialed number against +E.164, extension, and enterprise numbers of users within customer.

Exact match: "9011496100123" <> "+496100123"

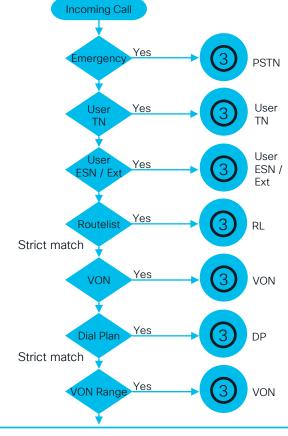
Differentiation between a TN (+E.164) and ESN / Extension

2) Destination selection



Strict match: "914085550123" does not match "+1408555!"

2) Destination selection



VON ranges treated the same as VON, but only match after enterprise dial plans

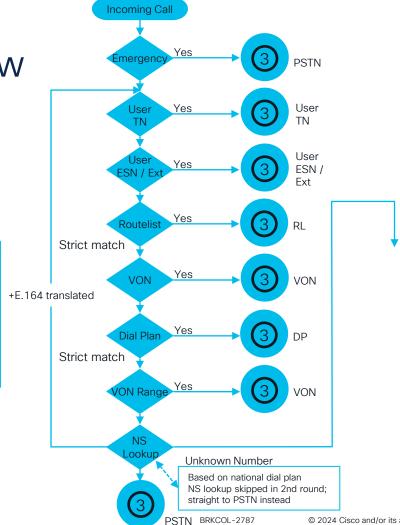


2) Destination selection

Dialed number might be translated to +E.164 based on national numbering plan.

For example:  $9011496100123 \rightarrow +496100123$ 

If number is translated, then go back to check for +E.164 matches



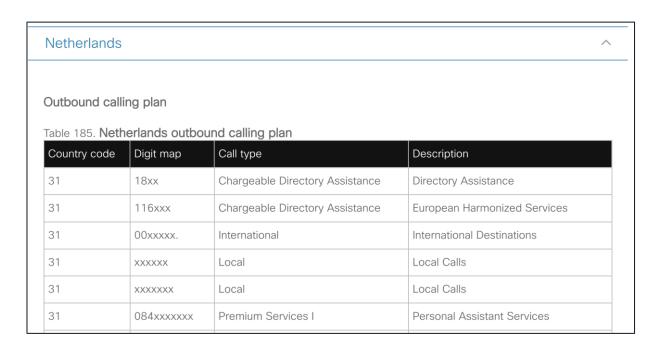


### Country Calling Plans

https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/757iyo/Dial-plans-by-country

ntry

- NS Lookup uses calling plan for the country of the Location
- Call Type tagging used for call restrictions (covered later)



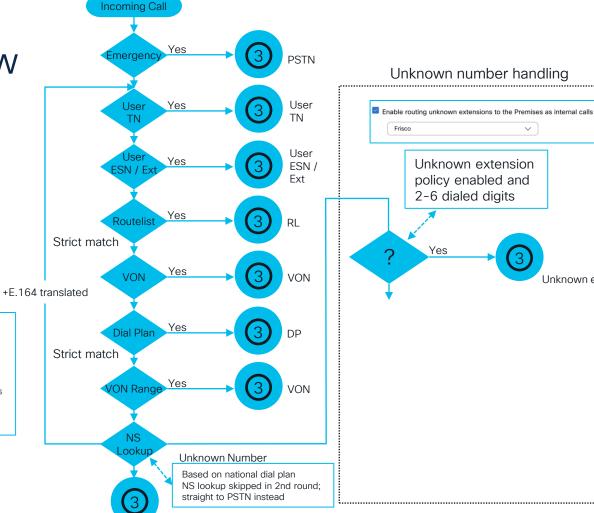


2) Destination selection

If some users in this location are registered to a PBX, enable this setting to route

☑ Enable routing unknown extensions to the Premises as internal calls

unknown extensions (digits that match with the extension length) to the PBX.

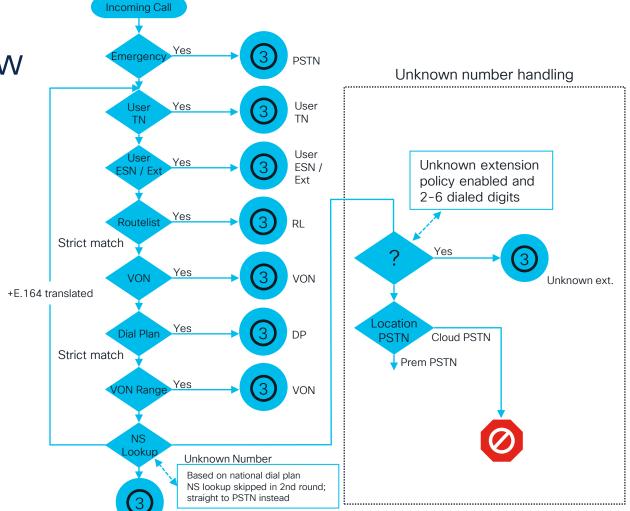




Calls to On-Premises Extensions

ABI LGW

2) Destination selection



PSTN BRKCOL-2787



Unknown Numbers Handling

Standard behavior

Show Details ∨

Show Details V

for unknown numbers in Webex Calling

Legacy behavior (not recommended)

Choose a configuration that determines the call routing behavior

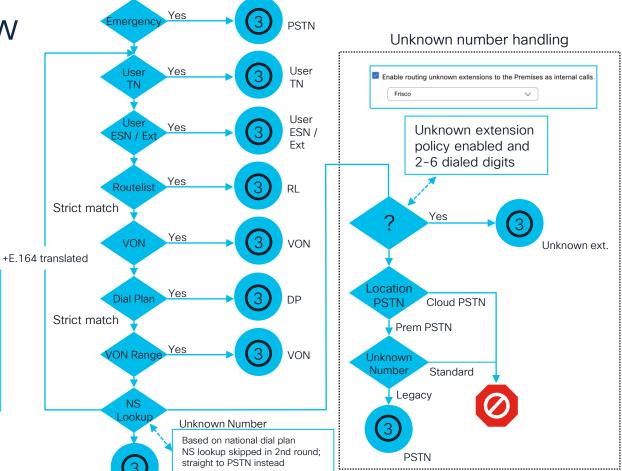
This is the default and recommended option to achieve the

This option provides backwards compatibility for the legacy

Local Gateway behavior and is not recommended when Dial Plans are configured for the organization.

best level of interoperability with an on-premises PBX

2) Destination selection



PSTN BRKCOL-2787

**Incoming Call** 

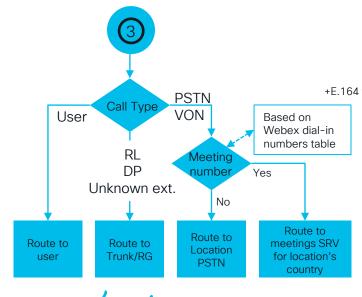


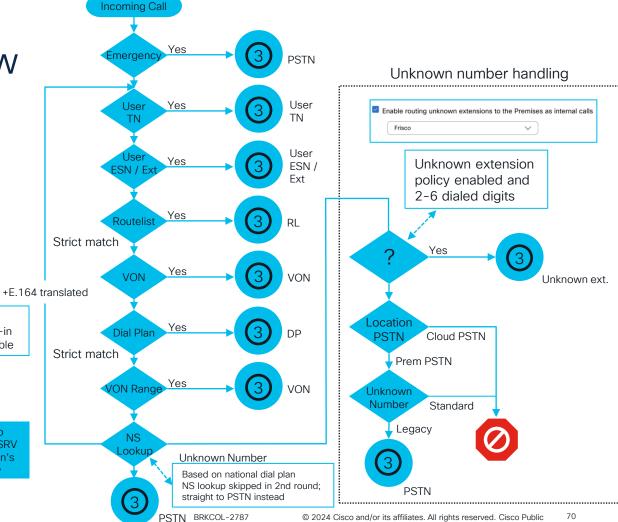
Call Routing between

Webex Calling and

premises

- 2) Destination selection
- 3) Block or allow based on calling permissions and route





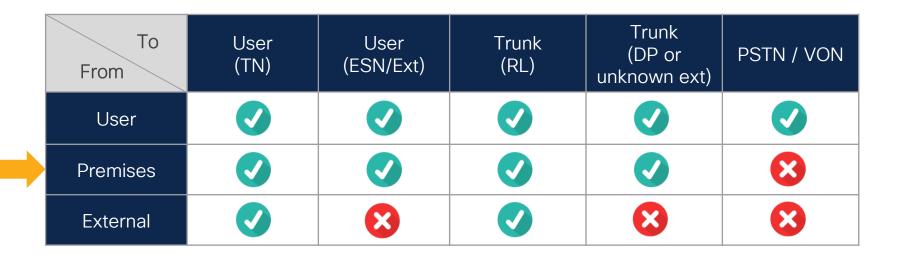
To From	User (TN)	User (ESN/Ext)	Trunk (RL)	Trunk (DP or unknown ext)	PSTN / VON
User			<b>Ø</b>	<b>Ø</b>	<b>⊘</b>
Premises	<b>Ø</b>	<b>Ø</b>	<b>Ø</b>	<b>Ø</b>	×
External	<b>⊘</b>	×	<b>Ø</b>	×	×





 Calls from Webex Calling users (including DI users) can be routed anywhere





 Calls from On-Premises Users can be routed anywhere except for the PSTN



To From	User (TN)	User (ESN/Ext)	Trunk (RL)	Trunk (DP or unknown ext)	PSTN / VON
User			<b>Ø</b>	<b>Ø</b>	<b>⊘</b>
Premises	<b>Ø</b>	<b>Ø</b>	<b>Ø</b>	<b>Ø</b>	×
External	<b>⊘</b>	×	<b>Ø</b>	×	×

Calls from PSTN can only route to User TN's (including DI users). Calls from PSTN cannot call ESN / Extension.



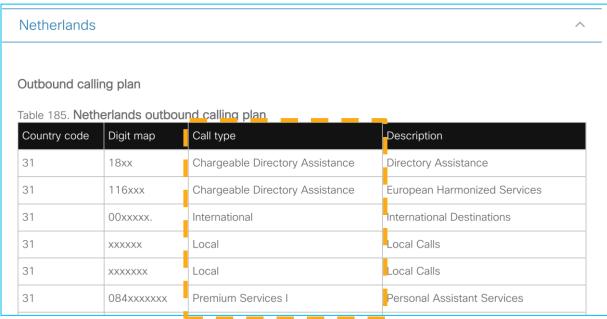
# Outgoing Call Permissions



Incoming Call Routing and Outgoing Call Yes Permissions Emergency **PSTN** Unknown number handling Yes User User Enable routing unknown extensions to the Premises as internal calls TN 2) Destination selection 3) Block or allow based on calling User Yes Unknown extension ESN / ESN / Ext permissions and route Ext policy enabled and 2-6 dialed digits Block/allow based on call type Yes Routelist RL user/location level setting Strict match Yes Yes VON VON Unknown ext +F.164 translated **PSTN** Call Type VON User Based on Location Yes Webex dial-in Dial Plan Cloud PSTN **PSTN** numbers table RL Strict match Meeting Prem PSTN DP number Yes Yes ON Range Unknown ext. VON Unknown No Number Standard Call type determination Legacy Route to Route to Route to Route to meetings SRV Location Lookun Trunk/RG for location's Unknown Number user **PSTN** country Based on national dial plan NS lookup skipped in 2nd round; **PSTN** straight to PSTN instead PSTN BRKCOL-2787

## Country Calling Plans

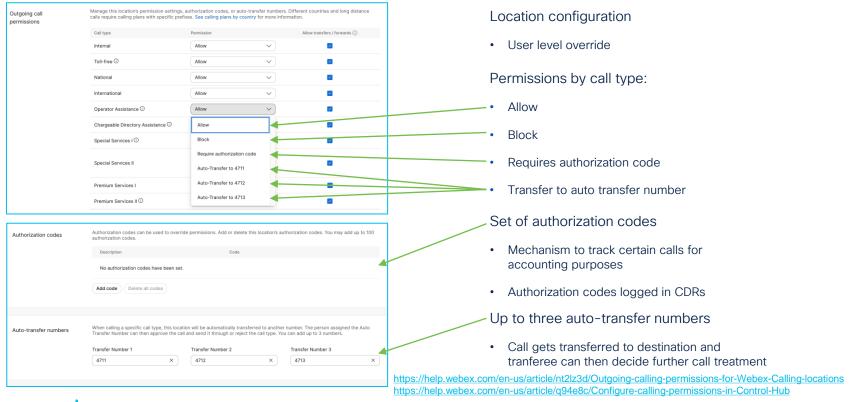
- NS Lookup uses calling planfor the country of the location of the calling user
- Call Type tagging used for call restrictions



https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/757iyo/Dial-plans-by-country



# Outgoing Call Permissions



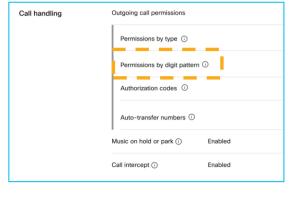
# Outgoing Call Permissions - Gaps

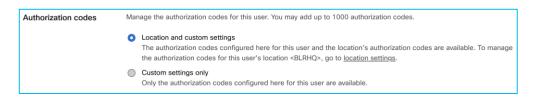
- Policy (block, allow, auth. code, transfer) can only be applied to predefined set of call classifications
- Examples for use cases that cannot be addressed:
  - Disallow international calls to specific countries. (e.g., Embargoed countries)
  - Disallow calls to specific numbers or range of numbers (user/location level)
  - Restrict locations/users to internal calls except for few approved external numbers
  - Block calls to certain specific range of premium numbers within a country (e.g., 09003 and 09005)
  - Authorization/Account Code: A mechanism to track calls to certain numbers (more granular) for billing and accounting purpose



# Outgoing Call Permissions - Enhanced\*

- · Separate configuration menus for
  - · Permissions by type
  - Permissions by digit pattern (New)
  - Authorization codes
  - Auto-transfer numbers
- · ... for locations, users, workspaces, virtual lines
- Authorization codes, auto-transfer numbers, patterns at user/workspace/virtual line level can be combined w/ location level authorization codes
  - "Location and custom settings" vs "Custom settings only"









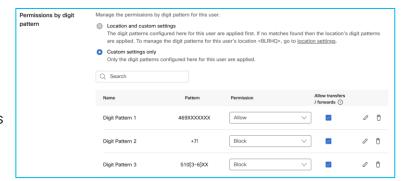
# Outgoing Call Permissions - Enhanced\*

- Up to 1000 authorization codes at each level (location/user/workspace/virtual line)
- Provisioning APIs
  - permissions by type (user, workspaces) location API already exists
  - authorization codes (user, workspaces) location API already exists
  - auto-transfer numbers (user, workspaces) location API already exists
  - · APIs for virtual lines tracked as separate initiative
- Bulk management (CSV)
  - Location authorization odes
  - · User Calling Data: columns for category controls, up to 20 authorization codes
- Proper handling of call type "internal"
- "Verify Call Routing" tool
  - Full support for new outgoing call permissions
  - Output of call intercept result: level, permission (block, transfer to, transfer to number)
  - Now shows final routing destination



# Outgoing Call Permissions - By Pattern\*

- Policy (allow, block, auth. code, auto-transfer number) per pattern
- Up to 500 patterns per location/user/workspace/virtual line
- Provisioning APIs for locations, users, workspaces (virtual line APIs tracked as separate initiative)
- Bulk management for locations, users (workspaces and virtual lines don't have bulk management; separate initiative)
- Permissions by pattern take precedence over permissions by type
- Note: call types other than "internal" always block for user in Cisco Calling Plan location w/o OCP regardless of any pattern
- For external destinations pattern match is tried twice: before/after translation according to national numbering plan
  - +E.164 patterns can be used to apply policy regardless of how the destination was dialled
  - Non +E.164 patterns can be used to apply different handling depending on how the number was dialed
- As outgoing call permissions are applies for all routing tree outcomes, policy can be applied to all call types (... other than emergency)







# Outgoing Call Permissions – By Pattern\*

- Granular control over outgoing call permissions
- Examples:
  - Only allow international calls to certain countries/destinations
  - Block calls to certain countries/destinations
  - .. Per location/user/workspace/virtual line
- Caveat
  - No grouping other than at the location level
  - Sharing permissions for a larger number of users requires bulk provisioning or API use



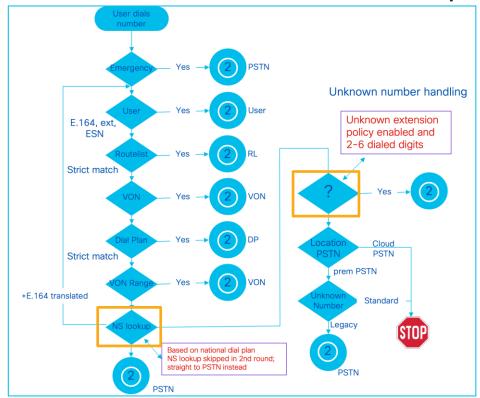
# Overlaps





Unknown Extension vs National Dial Plan Overlap

- Unknown extension policy only checked AFTER national number plan lookup
- National numbering plan trumps in case of overlap with unknown extensions





# Unknown Extension vs National Numbering Plan

- Example: Germany has X{5-12} in the national dial plan for local destinations\*
- Local
- Unknown 5/6D extensions get routed to the PSTN instead of getting blocked or routed according to unknown extension policy
- ... Even if an outside dial digit is configured for the location
- Reason: permissive national numbering plan lookup makes dialing of outside dial digit optional .. by default

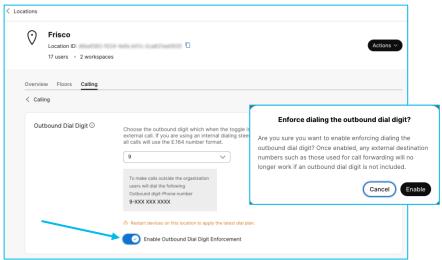
Dial plans by country

https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/757iyo/Dial-plans-by-country



# Enforce Outside Dial Digit

- Enforcing the outside dial digit removes the overlap between on-net dialing habits (including extensions) and PSTN destinations
- Configured per location
- ... like the outside dial digit
- Caution: not only affects direct dialing but any PSTN destinations
   ... for example CFwds to PSTN
- Best practice: <u>always</u> enforce outside dial digit



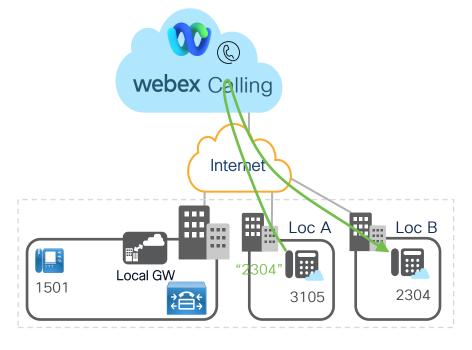
https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/pxtu15/Configure-your-Webex-Calling-dial-plan



# **Extension Dialing Between Locations**

User A in location A can call inter-location to user B in location B

by dialing "2304"



# Challenge: Overlap on Webex Calling

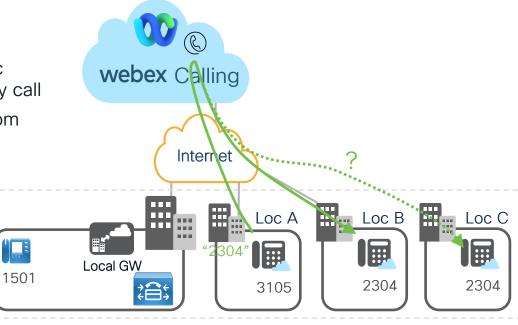
User A in location A dials "2304", an extension that exists in multiple locations

 The call is routed to one of the extensions, Location B or C

 Deterministic: in contrast to stochastic the same destination will ring for every call

 Hard to predict: preference hidden from admin/customer

This behavior leads to inconsistent user experience



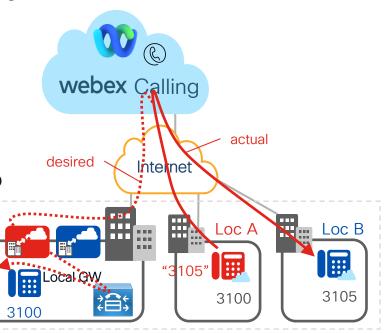
# Challenge: Inter-Location Overlap between Unified CM and Webex Calling

Locations with users on UCM and Webex Calling

 User 3100 in location A tries to call UCM user 3105

 Unknown extension policy on location A not triggered b/c there is an inter-location match for 3105 (in location B)

 Impossible to use unknown extension dialing to reach users on Unified CM if the same extension also exists in Webex Calling





# Inter-Location Extension Dialing Policy

 Inter-location extension dialing can can lead to unexpected results

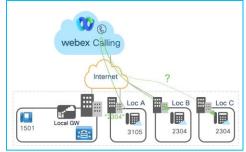
Overlapping exension ranges in multiple locations

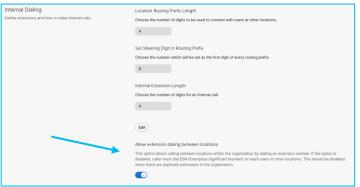
Unknown extension dialing overlap with extensions in other

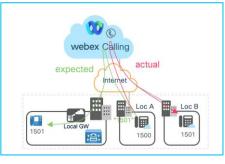
locations

 Extension dialing policy between locations now is configurable

- Default: enabled
- Also affects:
  - Unknown extension handling





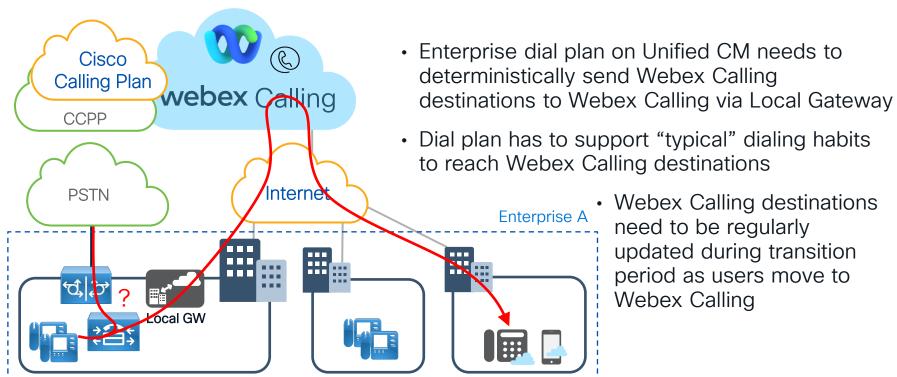


https://help.webex.com/en-us/article/pxtu15/Configure-your-Webex-Calling-dial-plan

Interworking Unified CM / Webex Calling



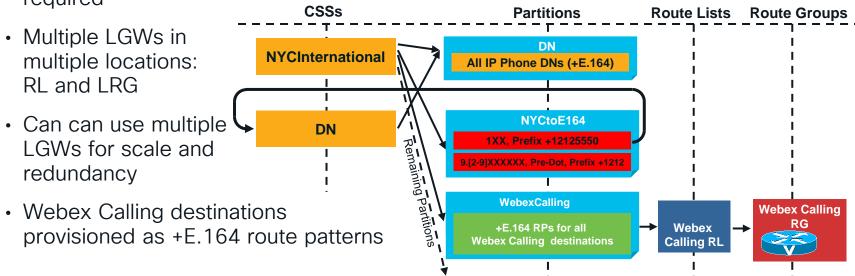
# Local Gateway Dial Plan Integration





# LGW Dial Plan Integration

With a single Egress LGW selection not site specific → no LRG based LGW selection required\*





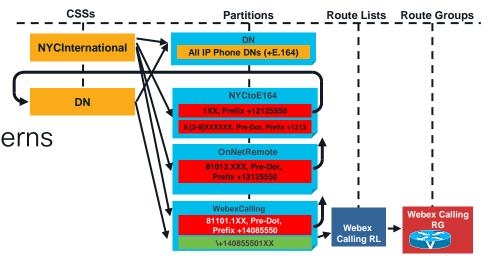
<sup>\*</sup>For extension dialling w/ non-unique extensions site specific trunks are required so that Webex Calling can establish proper dialling context. LRG can be used for site specific egress trunk selection

#### UCM to WxC - ESN Outbound Route Patterns

Any dialing habit can be transformed to +E.164 using dialing

normalization translations

 Dialing normalization for Webex Calling ESN ranges to +E.164 in same partition as Webex Calling route patterns



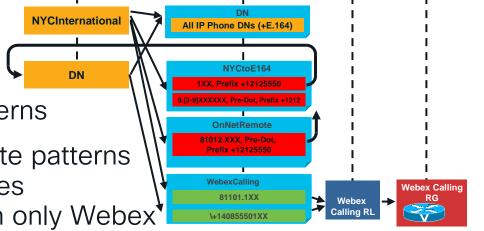


#### UCM to WxC - ESN Outbound Route Patterns

- Any dialing habit can be transformed to +E.164 using dialing normalization translations
- Dialing normalization for Webex Calling ESN ranges to +E.164 in same partition as Webex Calling route patterns

Better solution: use ESN route patterns for Webex Calling ESN ranges
 → also works with extension only Webex

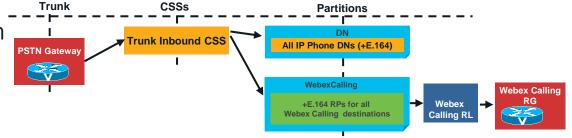
Calling destinations



# UCM to WxC - PSTN Routing to Webex Calling

 PSTN Dial Plan can utilize the same Route Patterns for +E.164 dialing as UCM users.

 Called party globalization to +E.164 required if no +E.164 received from PSTN



- Multiple ways to do on UCM:
  - Incoming Called Party Transformation Patterns (preferred)
  - Translation Pattern
  - Route Patterns

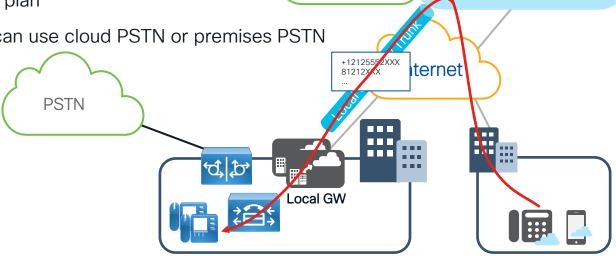


# Routing from Webex Calling to Unified CM

**Enterprise Dial Plans** 

- Load balancing and failover across trunks to premises (scale, redundancy)
- Deterministic routing based on ESN and +E.164 patterns in enterprise dial plan

Webex Calling locations can use cloud PSTN or premises PSTN



Cisco

Calling Plan

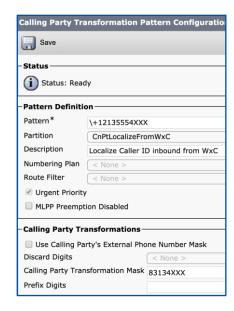
CCPP



webex Calling

#### Caller ID Normalization

- Tool: Calling Party Transformation Patterns
- · Can be done either
  - inbound on Trunk from Webex Calling
  - Outbound on Unified CM registered device
- Best practice: globalize on ingress, localize on egress
- ... but customer might have implemented other dial plans
- Unified CM caller ID is always based on RPID or From (in this priority)
- On dual identity trunks from Webex Calling profiles on CUBE or SIP normalization scripts (Lua) on Unified CM can be used to (selectively) copy From: to PAI



Reference:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/voice\_ip\_comm/cucm/srnd/collab12/collab12/dialplan.html https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/solutions/CVD/Collaboration/enterprise/12x/120/collbcvd/control.html



## Interworking Limitations

- Local Gateway (registering) concurrent session limitations
- Integration between Webex Calling and Unified CM is pure call routing integration
  - No concept of sharing call state nor user (line) presence
- Impact on any feature relying on call state or presence:
  - Call pick-up (notifications)
  - Hunt: no way to determine state of line
  - BI F
- Keep users of these features together on a single call control instance

# Cisco UCM and Webex Calling coexistence

- Proper dial plan design (see Enterprise PA\* for details) enables seamless transition of DNs from UCM to Webex Calling
  - All dialing habits are possible: ESN, DN and +E.164
- Detailed information in
  - "Transitioning from Cisco UCM to Webex Calling Deployment Guide" <u>https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/solutions/PA/mcp/DEPLOY</u> <u>MENT CALLING Unified CM to Webex Calling.pdf</u>
  - "Cisco Preferred Architecture for Webex Calling Overview"
     https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/td/docs/solutions/CVD/Collaboration/hybrid/AltDesigns/PA-WbxCall.pdf

\*https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/solutions/CVD/Collaboration/enterprise/12x/120/collbcvd.html



# Webex Calling Provisioning APIs



# Webex Calling APIs Overview

**PROVISIONING** CALL CONTROL **ANALYTICS & REPORTING** Customer Setup, Onboard, Manage Call. Meet. Collaborate Achieve Customer Success Journey · Manage users, phone #s, Place, answer, hang up calls · Detailed call records locations, & services Stop / start / pause recording · Onboarding, usage, & quality Representative Assign licenses reporting Transmit DTMF digits Tasks · Create and manage location Automated reporting setup · List active calls / get history features · Installation, activation, & · Custom enterprise calling User training & adoption onboarding integrations services Sample Ongoing services management Cloud business platform Business process design & Solutions & care integration optimization · Custom app development · Vertical solutions design & Self-service via partner portal oversight



# Comprehensive Set of Provisioning APIs

- Locations, People
- Organisation Settings
  - announcement language, auto attendants, call parks, call park extensions, call pickups, call queues, call recording settings, hunt groups, location intercept, location internal dialing, location incoming/outgoing permissions, paging groups, phone numbers, schedules, voicemail settings, voice portal, MoH, voicemail groups, dial plans, trunks, route groups, route lists
- Person Settings
  - calling behaviour, barge settings, call forwarding, call intercept, recording, caller id, DND, voicemail, schedules, monitoring, phone numbers, privacy, executive assistant, PTT, hoteling, incoming/outgoing permissions, call queue caller id
- Voice Messaging

cisco Live!

Reference: <a href="https://developer.webex.com">https://developer.webex.com</a>

## Using Webex APIs

- Documentation at: <a href="https://developer.webex.com/">https://developer.webex.com/</a>
- But: Steep learning curve
- A lot of concepts to master
- SDKs help to abstract from the "dirty details"



More details: "BRKCOL-3015: Agile Management of Webex Calling", Thu 8am



# Webex Calling Provisioning Methods





# Closing





# Recap / Q & A

- Webex Calling PSTN options
- Regional footprint, design considerations
- Location considerations
- Dialing / Call Routing
  - Classification, routing, permissions
  - Overlaps
- Interworking between Unified CM and Webex Calling
- Provisioning APIs



# Calling Sessions

Feb 6, 8:00	BRKCOL-2065 - Webex Calling - How do I begin?
Feb 6, 13:45	BRKCOL-2314 - CUBE v14 Updates
Feb 6, 14:45	BRKCOL-2062 - Best Practices for a Successful Migration from Jabber to the Webex App
Feb 6, 15:15	BRKCOL-2067 - Calling Interoperability with Microsoft Teams
Feb 6, 16:45	BRKCOL-2481 - Successful Migrations from Unified CM to Webex Calling
Feb 6, 17:00	BRKCOL-2068 - Cisco IP Phones, headsets, and webcams: The product updates that we all need to know
Feb 7, 10:30	BRKCOL-2787 - Planning and Designing Successful Cloud Calling Deployments with Webex Calling
Feb 7, 14:30	BRKCOL-2312 - High Capacity Premises-based PSTN Option for Webex Calling
Feb 8, 10:30	BRKCOL-2993 - Enabling Site Survivability for Webex Calling
Feb 8, 12:00	BRKCOL-2812 - Troubleshooting Webex Calling Premises-based PSTN
Feb 8, 17:00	BRKCOL-3015 - Agile Management of Webex Calling - There's an API for that





# Thank you





